Proofreaders' Marks Lionel Hartley

PROOFREADERS' MARKS

Symbol	Meaning	Example
B or F or T	delete	take 🖟 out
C	close up	print as one word
\mathcal{S}	delete and close up	clo f se up
∧ or > or A	caret	insert here (something
#	insert a space	put onehere
eg#	space evenly	space evenly where indicated
stet	let stand	let marked _text_ stand as set
tr	transpose	change order the
/	used to separate two or more marks and often as a concluding stroke at the end of an insertion	
C	set farther to the left	too far to the right
L J	set farther to the right	to <u>o</u> far to the left
	set as ligature (such as æ)	encyclop ae dia
=	align horizontally	alignment
И	align vertically	[[align with surrounding text
X	broken character	imperfect
п	indent or insert em quad space	
প্র	begin a new paragraph	
9	spell out	set 5 lbs. as five pounds
cap	set in CAPITALS	set <u>mato</u> as NATO
sm cap or s.c.	set in small capitals	set <u>signal</u> as SIGNAL
lc	set in lowercase	set Youth as south
ital	set in italic	set <u>oeuvre</u> as <i>oeuvre</i>
rom	set in roman	set <u>mensch</u> as mensch
bf	set in boldface	set important as important

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= or -/ or 	hyphen	multi-colored
/ or en or /N/	en dash	1965–72
or <u>em</u> or / <u>M</u> /	em (or long) dash	Now—at last!—we know.
~	superscript or superior	🛂 as in πr²
^	subscript or inferior	2 as in H ₂ 0
♦ or X	centered	♦ for a centered dot in p ⋅ q
3	comma	
ঽ	apostrophe	
0	period	
; or j/	semicolon	
: or (1)	colon	
\$\$ or \$\$	quotation marks	
(/)	parentheses	
[/]	brackets	
ok/?	query to author: has this been set as intended?	
U or L¹	push down a work-up	an unintended mark
9 1	turn over an inverted letter	inve <u>r</u> ted
wf 1	wrong font	wrong si Z e or styl <u>e</u>

¹The last three symbols are unlikely to be needed in marking proofs of photocomposed matter.